

**Econ 326**  
**Assignment 1**

The due date for this assignment is Monday, January 18, before the class starts.  
Make sure that you read Appendix A and B.

1. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two discrete random variables. The set of possible values for  $X$  is  $\{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ ; and the set of possible values for  $Y$  is  $\{y_1, \dots, y_m\}$ . The joint PMF is given by

$$p_{ij}^{X,Y} = P(X = x_i, Y = y_j), \quad i = 1, \dots, n; j = 1, \dots, m.$$

The marginal PMF of  $X$  is

$$p_i^X = P(X = x_i) = \sum_{j=1}^m p_{ij}^{X,Y}, \quad i = 1, \dots, n,$$

and the marginal PMF of  $Y$  is

$$p_j^Y = P(Y = y_j) = \sum_{i=1}^n p_{ij}^{X,Y}, \quad i = 1, \dots, n,$$

Prove the following results:

- (a) If  $c$  is a constant, then  $Cov(X, c) = 0$ .
  - (b)  $Cov(X, X) = Var(X)$ .
  - (c)  $Cov(X, Y) = Cov(Y, X)$ .
  - (d)  $Cov(a_1 + b_1X, a_2 + b_2Y) = b_1b_2Cov(X, Y)$ , where  $a_1, a_2, b_1$ , and  $b_2$  are some constants.
  - (e) If  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent then  $Cov(X, Y) = 0$ .
  - (f)  $Var(X + Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y) + 2Cov(X, Y)$ .
  - (g)  $Var(X - Y) = Var(X) + Var(Y) - 2Cov(X, Y)$ .
2. Let  $\{x_i : i = 1, \dots, n\}$  and  $\{y_i : i = 1, \dots, n\}$  be two sequences. Define the averages

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i,$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n y_i.$$

- (a) Show that  $\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x}) = 0$ .
- (b) Using the result in part (a), show that

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2 &= \sum_{i=1}^n x_i (x_i - \bar{x}), \\ \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y}) &= \sum_{i=1}^n y_i (x_i - \bar{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i (y_i - \bar{y}). \end{aligned}$$

3. Wooldridge, Appendix B, Problems B.2, B.9 and B.10 on pages 745-746.